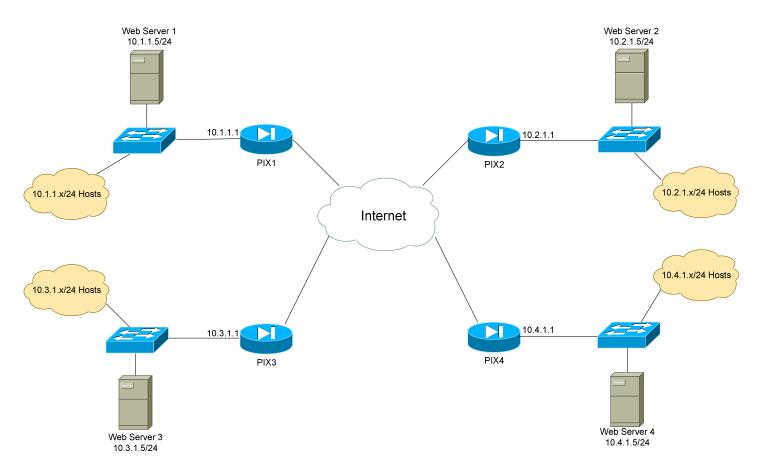
- PIX NAT and Packet Filtering Lab -

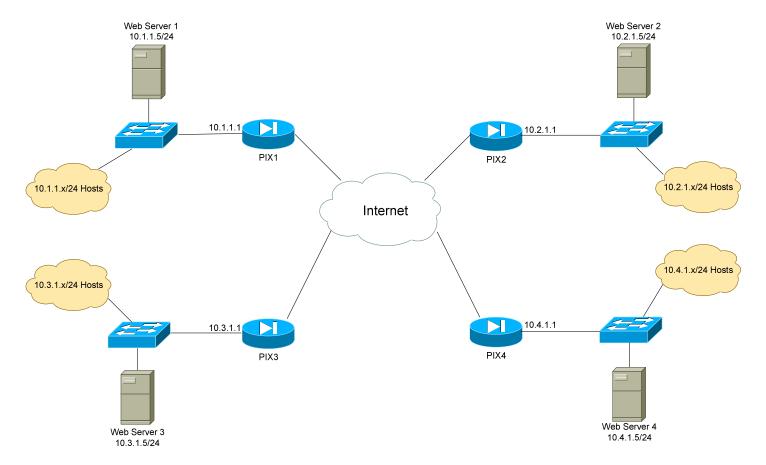
Configuring PIX NAT and Packet Filtering – Lab



Basic Objectives:

- 1. Configure and cable the Ethernet interfaces as indicated in the above diagram.
- 2. Configure a web server for each network, and apply an IP address as diagrammed.
- 3. Your instructor will configure a router or Layer-3 switch to function as a pseudo "Internet."

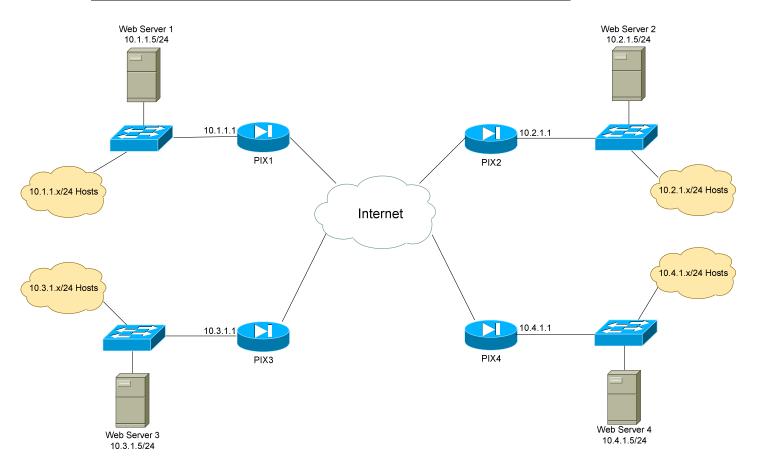
<u>Configuring PIX NAT and Packet Filtering – Lab (continued)</u>



PIX Objectives:

- 4. Each network has been assigned a pool of public addresses, in the YY.YY.64/29 range, where "Y" is the network or PIX number. For example, the network containing PIX3 has been assigned the 33.33.33.64/29 range of public addresses.
- 5. The first usable address in each public range will be the next-hop address to the Internet. The second usable address in each public range should be applied to the outside interface of each PIX.

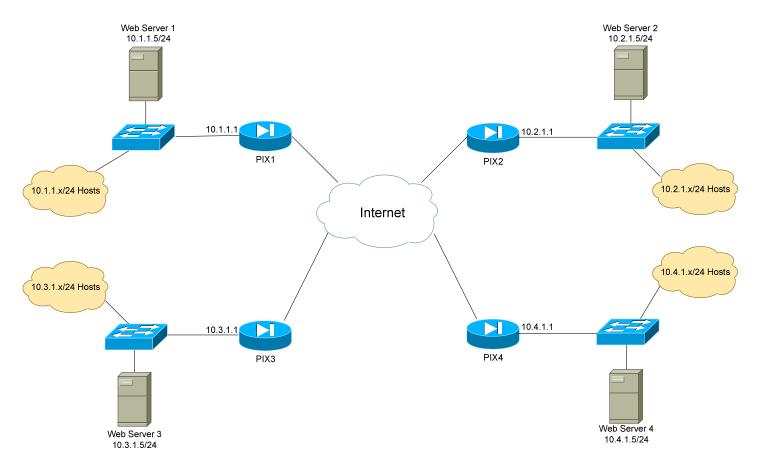
Configuring PIX NAT and Packet Filtering – Lab (continued)



NAT Objectives:

6.	The last address in the public range should be statically NATed to the HTTP port of the inside webserver.
7.	Ensure that hosts on each local LAN are NAT'ed using PAT when accessing the Internet. Use a public address of your choosing.

Configuring PIX NAT and Packet Filtering – Lab (continued)



Packet Filtering Objectives:

8.	Ensure that each network can reach the webservers on every other network. You must be able to both ping and HTTP to these web servers.
9.	Ensure that all interfaces on each PIX are pingable.
10	.Configure each PIX for SSH access.